Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry and case type, 1996

South Carolina

	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	1996 Annual average employ- ment <sup>3</sup> (000's)		Injuries an	nd illnesses		Injuries				
Industry <sup>1</sup>			Total cases (000's)	Lost workday cases				Lost workday cases			
				Total <sup>4</sup> (000's)	With days away from work <sup>5</sup> (000's)	Cases without lost workdays (000's)	Total cases (000's)	Total <sup>4</sup> (000's)	With days away from work <sup>5</sup> (000's)	Cases without lost workdays (000's)	
All industries including State and local government <sup>6</sup>		1,619.2	86.0	35.9	23.8	50.1	82.3	34.6	23.2	47.7	
Private industry <sup>6</sup>		1,366.2	71.9	30.0	19.0	42.0	68.6	28.7	18.5	39.8	
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing <sup>6</sup>		16.7	.7	.2	.2	.5	.7	.2	.2	.4	
Agricultural production <sup>6</sup>	01-02 01 07 078	5.9 4.4 9.4 6.1	.3 .3 .4 .3	( <sup>7</sup> ) ( <sup>7</sup> ) .2 .1	( <sup>7</sup> ) ( <sup>7</sup> ) .1 .1	- - .2 .1	- - .3 .3	( <sup>7</sup> ) ( <sup>7</sup> ) .2 .1	( <sup>7</sup> ) ( <sup>7</sup> ) .1 .1	- - .2 .1	
Mining <sup>8</sup>		1.8	.1	(7)	(7)	(7)	.1	(7)	(7)	(7)	
Construction		94.4	7.1	2.9	2.2	4.2	7.0	2.8	2.2	4.2	
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Painting and paper hanging Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering Carpentry and floor work Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work Concrete work Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 152 154 16 161 162 17 171 172 173 174 175 176 177	27.8 9.9 17.8 11.2 3.1 8.1 55.4 14.6 3.4 10.9 7.4 3.6 3.7 3.6 7.9	1.9 .5 1.3 .8 .2 .5 4.4 1.5 .1 .8 .4 .3 .3 .2	.5 .3 .2 .4 .1 .3 2.0 .5 .1 .3 .1 .1 .2 .1	.4 .2 .2 .3 .1 .2 1.6 .4 ( <sup>7</sup> ) .3 .1 .1 .2 .1	1.4 .3 1.1 .4 .2 .2 2.5 .9 ( <sup>7</sup> ) .5 .2 .2 .1 .1	1.9 .5 1.3 .7 .2 .5 4.4 1.5 .1 .8 .3 .3 .3 .2	.5 .3 .2 .4 .1 .3 1.9 .5 .1 .3 .1 .1 .2 .1	.4 .2 .2 .3 .1 .2 1.6 .4 ( <sup>7</sup> ) .3 .1 .1 .2 .1	1.4 .3 1.0 .4 .2 .2 2.5 .9 ( <sup>7</sup> ) .5 .2 .2 .1 .1	
Manufacturing		366.4	25.3	10.8	4.8	14.5	22.7	9.8	4.5	12.8	
Durable goods		144.6	12.3	4.9	2.6	7.5	10.9	4.4	2.4	6.5	
Lumber and wood products  Logging  Sawmills and planing mills  Millwork, plywood and structural	24 241 242	15.4 3.8 4.2	1.0 .1 .2	.4 ( <sup>7</sup> ) .1	.2 ( <sup>7</sup> ) ( <sup>7</sup> )	.6 .1 .1	.9 .1 .2	.1	.2 ( <sup>7</sup> ) ( <sup>7</sup> )	.6 .1 .1	
members Furniture and fixtures Household furniture Wood household furniture Stone, clay, and glass products Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products Primary metal industries Blast furnace and basic steel products Fabricated metal products Cutlery, handtools, and hardware Fabricated structural metal products Fabricated structural metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Metalworking machinery Special industry machinery Textile machinery Ball and roller bearings Refrigeration and service machinery	243 25 251 2511 32 327 33 331 34 342 344 3441 349 35 354 355 3552 3562 3562 358	3.8 4.8 3.4 2.1 9.5 2.5 8.7 3.0 17.9 2.1 5.8 2.5 4.4 38.0 7.1 5.0 4.0 9.8 6.3 2.7	.4 .4 .2 .1 .9 .3 .7 .5 1.9 .4 .4 .4 .4 .4 .4 .4 .2 .8	.1 .3 .1 .4 .1 .3 .1 .7 ( <sup>7</sup> ) .3 .2 .2 1.1 .1 .1 .4 .2 .1	.1 (7) (7) .2 .1 .2 .1 .4 (7) .2 .2 .2 .1 .1 .1 .1	.3 .2 .1 .5 .1 .4 .3 .1 .5 .2 .2 .2 .3 .3 .3 .8 .6 .2	.4 .4 .2 .1 .8 .3 .6 .4 1.7 .1 .8 .4 .4 .2.9 .4 .4 .3 .9 .6 .6 .3	.1 .2 .1 .4 .1 .3 .1 .6 ( <sup>7</sup> ) .3 .2 .2 .1 .1 .1 .1 .3	.1 (7) (7) .2 .1 .1 .4 (7) .2 .2 .1 .6 .1 .1 .1	.3 .1 .7) .4 .1 .3 .2 .1.1 ( <sup>7</sup> ) .5 .2 .2 .1.8 .3 .3 .3 .3 .3 .6 .4	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry and case type, 1996 — Continued South Carolina

		1996 Annual average employ- ment <sup>3</sup> (000's)		Injuries an	ıd illnesses		Injuries				
Industry <sup>1</sup>				Lost work	day cases			Lost workday cases			
	SIC code <sup>2</sup>		Total cases (000's)	Total <sup>4</sup> (000's)	With days away from work <sup>5</sup> (000's)	Cases without lost workdays (000's)	Total cases (000's)	Total <sup>4</sup> (000's)	With days away from work <sup>5</sup> (000's)	Cases without lost workdays (000's)	
Industrial machinery, n.e.c	359 36 362 363 364 367	4.7 24.7 3.3 3.8 2.5 9.2	0.5 1.6 .2 .4 .2	0.2 .7 .1 .1 .1	0.2 .3 (7) (7) (7) (7)	0.3 1.0 .1 .2 .1	0.5 1.4 .2 .3 .1	0.2 .6 .1 .1 .1	0.2 .2 (7) (7) (7) (7)	0.3 .9 .1 .2 .1	
supplies	369 3694 37 371 3714 38 384 39	3.0 1.5 17.3 13.6 10.7 4.8 3.1 3.6	.3 .1 2.0 1.5 1.1 .2 .1	.2 .1 .9 .7 .5 .1 ( <sup>7</sup> )	.1 (7) .4 .3 .3 (7) (7) (7)	.1 .1 1.1 .8 .6 .1 .1	.2 .1 1.6 1.2 .9 .2 .1	.1 .7 .5 .4 .1 ( <sup>7</sup> )	(7) (7) .3 .3 .3 (7) (7) (7)	.1 .9 .6 .5 .1 ( <sup>7</sup> )	
Nondurable goods		221.8	12.9	5.9	2.2	7.0	11.7	5.4	2.1	6.3	
Food and kindred products Meat products Poultry slaughtering and processing Textile mill products Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton Broadwoven fabric mills, manmade Knitting mills Textile finishing, except wool Finishing plants, cotton Finishing plants, cotton Finishing plants, manmade Carpets and rugs Yarn and thread mills Miscellaneous textile goods Textile goods, n.e.c. Apparel and other textile products Men's and boys' furnishings Men's and boys' shirts Women's and misses' outerwear Women's and misses' outerwear, n.e.c. Miscellaneous fabricated textile products Housefurnishings, n.e.c. Paper and allied products Paper mills Paperboard mills Paperboard containers and boxes Corrugated and solid fiber boxes Miscellaneous converted paper products Printing and publishing Newspapers Commercial printing Commercial printing Commercial printing, lithographic Chemicals and allied products Industrial inorganic chemicals Plastics materials and synthetics Organic fibers, noncellulosic Industrial organic chemicals Rubber and miscellaneous plastics	20 201 2015 22 221 222 225 226 2261 2262 227 228 229 233 232 2331 2339 239 239 26 262 263 265 2653 267 27 271 275 2752 28 2824 2824 2824 2824	17.7 8.8 7.3 81.5 19.2 19.3 7.2 14.8 9.5 4.3 3.6 9.8 4.1 2.2 28.9 7.1 4.5 6.0 2.1 3.4 11.4 6.8 17.6 3.7 5.9 3.0 4.6 12.9 4.4 3.7 3.8 15.6 12.9 15.6 12.3 3.4	2.4 1.5 1.2 4.3 1.0 1.0 1.0 2.3 5.5 2.2 1.1 1.7 2.2 3.3 1.1 2.2 3.3 1.1 2.2 3.3 1.1 2.2 3.3 1.0 2.2 3.3 1.0 2.2 3.3 3.5 3.7 2.2 4.3 3.7 2.2 4.3 3.7 2.2 4.3 3.7 3.7 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 5.3 5.3 5.3 6.3 6.3 6.3 6.3 6.3 6.3 6.3 6.3 6.3 6	1.1 .7 .6 2.0 .6 .4 .2 .3 .2 .1 .1 .1 .1 .7 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1	.5 .3 .2 .5 .1 .1 .7) .1 .7) .7) .7) .7) .7) .7) .7) .7) .7) .7)	1.3 .8 .7 2.3 .4 .6 .2 .4 .1 .3 .1 .7 .9 .2 .1 .3 .1 .6 .1 .2 .4 .1 .2 .1 .1 .2 .1 .1 .2 .1 .1 .2 .1 .1 .1 .2 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1	2.2 1.3 1.0 3.9 1.0 1.0 3.6 4.2 2.5 5.2 1.6 3.2 4.1 2.7 2.2 1.0 2.2 1.0 2.2 1.0 2.2 1.0 2.2 1.0 2.2 1.0 2.2 1.0 2.2 1.0 2.2 1.0 2.2 1.0 2.2 1.0 2.2 1.0 2.2 1.0 2.2 1.0 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2	1.0	.5 .2 .1 .5 .1 .1 .7 .1 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7	1.2 .8 .6 2.0 .4 .6 .1 .3 .2 .1 .3 .1 .2 .3 .1 .5 .1 .1 .2 .3 .1 .1 .2 .3 .1 .1 .1 .2 .3 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1	
products  Hose and belting and gaskets and	30	23.7	2.0	.9	.3	1.2	1.8	.8	.3	1.0	
packing	305 308 3089	2.5 11.4 6.3	.2 1.0 .6	.1 .3 .1	.1 .2 .1	.1 .7 .4	.2 .9 .5	.1 .3 .1	.1 .2 ( <sup>7</sup> )	( <sup>7</sup> ) .6 .4	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry and case type, 1996 — Continued South Carolina

South Carolina											
	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	1996 Annual average employ- ment <sup>3</sup> (000's)	Injuries and illnesses				Injuries				
Industry <sup>1</sup>			Total cases (000's)	Lost workday cases		Casas		Lost workday cases		Cases	
				Total <sup>4</sup> (000's)	With days away from work <sup>5</sup> (000's)	Cases without lost workdays (000's)	Total cases (000's)	Total <sup>4</sup> (000's)	With days away from work <sup>5</sup> (000's)	without lost workdays (000's)	
Transportation and public utilities 8,9		71.7	4.6	2.1	1.8	2.4	4.5	2.1	1.8	2.4	
Trucking and warehousing <sup>9</sup>	42	25.7	2.1	.9	.8	1.2	2.1	.9	.8	1.2	
Water transportation	44	3.2	.2	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	
Transportation by air 9	45	7.4	.9	.5	.4	.4	.9	.5	.4	.4	
Transportation services <sup>9</sup>	47 48	4.3 14.5	.2 .4	.2	.1 .1	.1 .2	.2 .4	.2 .2	.1	.1 .2	
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	46 49	14.5	.6	.2	.1	.4	.5	.2	1 .1	.3	
Electric services	491	7.7	.2	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	
Wholesale and retail trade		399.8	19.2	7.4	5.1	11.8	19.0	7.4	5.0	11.7	
Wholesale trade		67.2	3.8	1.7	1.2	2.1	3.8	1.7	1.1	2.1	
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	39.4	2.0	.8	.6	1.2	2.0	.8	.6	1.2	
Wholesale tradenondurable goods	51	27.8	1.8	.9	.5	.9	1.7	.9	.5	.8	
Retail trade		332.6	15.4	5.7	3.9	9.7	15.3	5.7	3.9	9.6	
General merchandise stores	53	38.1	2.6	.9	.5	1.7	2.6	.9	.5	1.7	
_Department stores	531	32.5	2.5	.8	.5	1.6	2.5	.8	.5	1.6	
Food stores	54	61.5	2.4	1.1	1.0	1.2	2.4	1.1	1.0	1.2	
Automotive dealers and service stations Apparel and accessory stores	55 56	33.8 16.0	1.6 .5	.3	.2 .2	1.3 .3	1.6 .5	.3	.2 .2	1.3	
Furniture and homefurnishings stores	57	14.7	.5	.3	.3	.2	.5	.3	.3	.2	
Eating and drinking places	58	118.3	5.7	2.0	1.1	3.7	5.6	2.0	1.1	3.6	
Miscellaneous retail	59	35.3	1.2	.5	.5	.6	1.1	.5	.4	.6	
Finance, insurance, and real estate		70.8	2.0	.4	.4	1.6	1.9	.4	.4	1.5	
Services		341.1	13.0	6.1	4.6	7.0	12.7	5.9	4.4	6.8	
Hotels and other lodging places	70	24.7	.6	.2	_	-	_	.2	_	_	
Personal services	72	15.7	.5	.2	.1	.3	.4	.2	.1	-	
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	7.6	.4	.1	.1		.4	.1	.1		
Business services	73	93.9	2.9	1.8	1.2	1.1	2.9	1.8	1.2	1.1	
Auto repair, services, and parking  Miscellaneous repair services	75 76	13.0 7.4	.4 .4	.2	.2 .1	.2 .2	.4 .4	.2	.2 .1	.2 .2	
Amusement and recreation services	79	19.1	.8	.3	.3	.5	.8	.3	.3	.5	
Health services	80	77.8	4.6	2.1	1.6	2.5	4.5	2.1	1.6	2.5	
Nursing and personal care facilities	805	15.0	1.9	1.2	.9	.6	1.9	1.2	.9	.6	
Hospitals	806	23.6	1.7	.5		1.2	1.6			1.2	
Educational services	82	11.9	.4	.1	.1	.3	.4	.1	.1	.3	
Social services Engineering and management services	83 87	26.9 28.1	1.5 .4	.7	.6 .1	.8 .3	1.4 .4	.6 .1	.4	.8 .3	
State and local government		253.0	14.1	5.9	4.8	8.1	13.7	5.8	4.7	7.8	
State government		88.6	4.7	2.5	2.1	2.2	4.6	2.5	2.0	2.1	
Construction		_	.4	.3	.2	.1	.4	.2	.2	.1	
Transportation and public utilities		_	.1	(7)	(7)	(7)	.1	(7)	(7)	(7)	
Services		42.5	2.4	1.4	1.2	1.0	2.3	1.4	1.2	.9	
Health services	80	10.2	1.1	.8	.8	.3	1.1	.8	.8	.3	
Educational services	82	27.5	.8	.6	.0	.4	.8	.6	.0	.3	
Colleges and universities	822	26.3	.8	.4	.2	.4	.7	.4	.2	.4	
Social services	83	4.1	.4	.2	.2	.2	.4	.2	.2	.2	
Public administration		43.8	1.8	.8	.7	1.0	1.8	.8	.7	1.0	
Justice, public order, and safety	92	8.1	1.0	.4	.3	.6	1.0	.4	.3	.6	
Administration of human resources	94	20.1	.6	.3	.3	.3	.6	.3	.3	.3	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses, by industry and case type, 1996 — Continued **South Carolina** 

Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	1996 Annual average employ- ment <sup>3</sup> (000's)		Injuries ar	nd illnesses		Injuries				
				Lost workday cases		0		Lost workday cases		0	
			Total cases (000's)	Total <sup>4</sup> (000's)	With days away from work <sup>5</sup> (000's)	Cases without lost workdays (000's)	Total cases (000's)	Total <sup>4</sup> (000's)	With days away from work <sup>5</sup> (000's)	Cases without lost workdays (000's)	
Local government		164.4	9.4	3.4	2.7	5.9	9.1	3.4	2.6	5.7	
Transportation and public utilities		3.8	.3	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	
Services		119.8	5.3	1.8	1.4	3.5	5.2	1.7	1.4	3.5	
Health services Educational services	80 82	30.0 86.5	1.5 3.8	.7 1.1	.5 1.0	.8 2.7	1.5 3.8	.7 1.0	.5 .9	.7 2.7	
Public administration		40.0	3.8	1.5	1.2	2.3	3.7	1.5	1.2	2.2	
Executive, legislative, and general	91	36.7	3.7	1.5	1.2	2.2	3.6	1.5	1.2	2.1	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

<sup>9</sup> In 1996, air courier operations previously classified in Industry Groups 421, 422, 423, 452, 473, and 478 were reclassified to Industry Group 451. As a result, the 1996 estimates for these SIC's and Major Industry Groups 42, 45, and 47 are not comparable to those for prior years. In addition, the 1996 estimates for transportation and public utilities may have more variability than those for prior years.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

Data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program. Employment

in private households (SIC 88) is excluded.

<sup>4</sup> Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

6 Excludes farms with fewer than 16.

Fewer than 50 cases.
 Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.